Red Bluff Joint Union High School District's First Interim Report 2015–16



Based on most current budget data and actual expenditures through October 31, 2015

Introduction

- Financial Reporting Periods
- ▶ Enrollment
- Average Daily Attendance
- **LCFF**
- Expenditures
- Multi-Year Projections
- Upcoming Events

Financial Reporting

- Education Code requires the Board to certify whether or not the District will be able to meet its financial obligations
- The purpose of these reports is to ensure the Board is informed of budget conditions and alerted to any financial issues

Financial Reporting Periods

- Adopted Budget by June 30th of each year
- First Interim data as of October 31st
- Second Interim data as of January 31st
- Unaudited Actuals Closing the books as of June 30th of each year

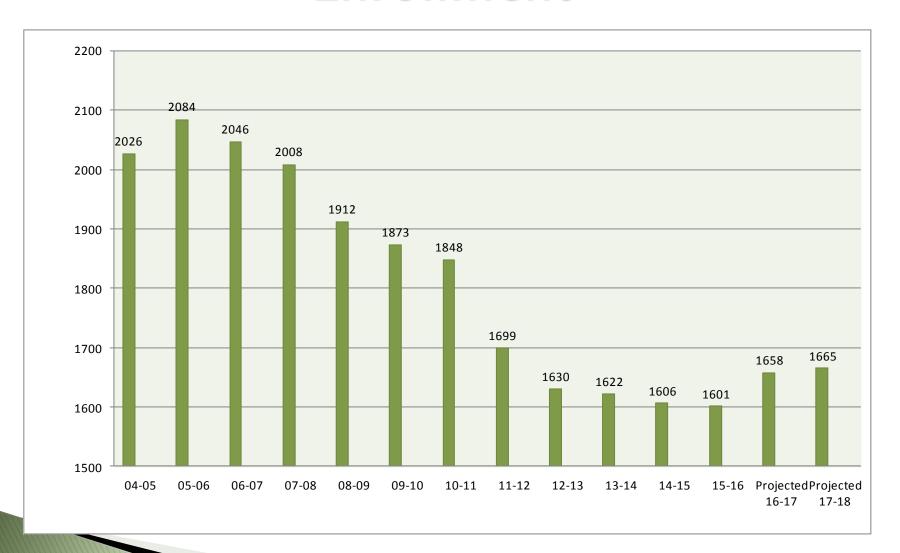
California Basic Education Data System (CBEDS)

- The count of students enrolled
 - Counted every year on first Wed in Oct
 - Same date for all districts
- Used to calculate revenue
 - Some restricted programs
 - Estimates Average Daily Attendance

Enrollment

- CBEDS enrollment number as of October 7, 2015 was 1,604 students district wide – only 1 down from prior year
- Enrollment projections for October 2016 are projected to be 1,658, an increase of 54 students
- Enrollment projections for October 2017 are projected to be 1,665, an increase of 7 students

Enrollment



Average Daily Attendance

- Our funding is not based on enrollment, but rather on the number of days that students come to school (average daily attendance – ADA). We can always be funded on current or prior year ADA, whichever is greater
- The First Interim Report is based on 1,466 ADA, which is the P2 ADA projected for 2015– 16

Average Daily Attendance

- Calculated three times a year for State Reporting
 - P1 attendance as of December 31st
 - P2 attendance as of April 15th (majority of funding based on)
 - Annual attendance through June 30th

Local Control Funding Formula

- Three components of the formula
 - 1. Base Grant
 - 2. Supplemental Grant
 - 3. Concentration Grant
- Base Grant -
 - Varies per grade level
 - Absorbed numerous categorical funding programs
 - Based on ADA

Local Control Funding Formula

Supplemental Grant –

- ❖ Equal to 20% of the base grant for English Language Learners, Free & Reduced priced meal participants, and foster youth
- To provide supplemental services, not supplant services already being provided

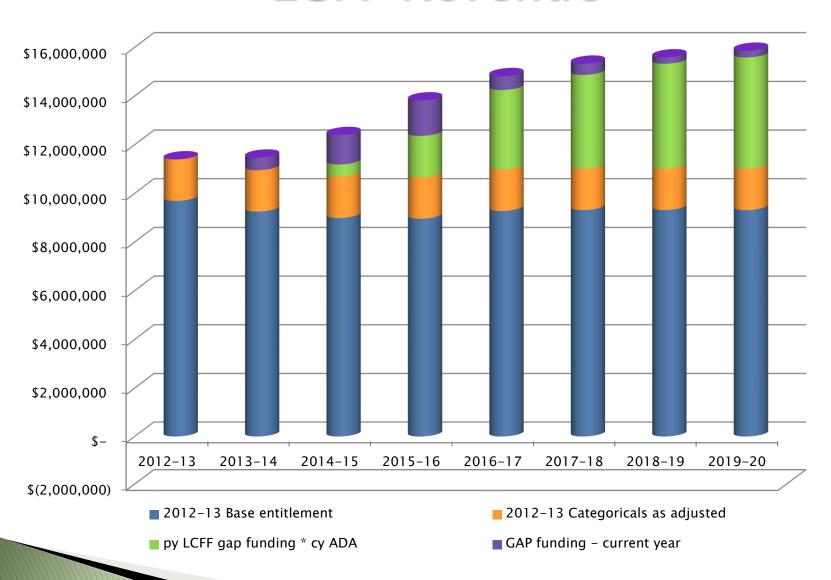
Concentration Grant –

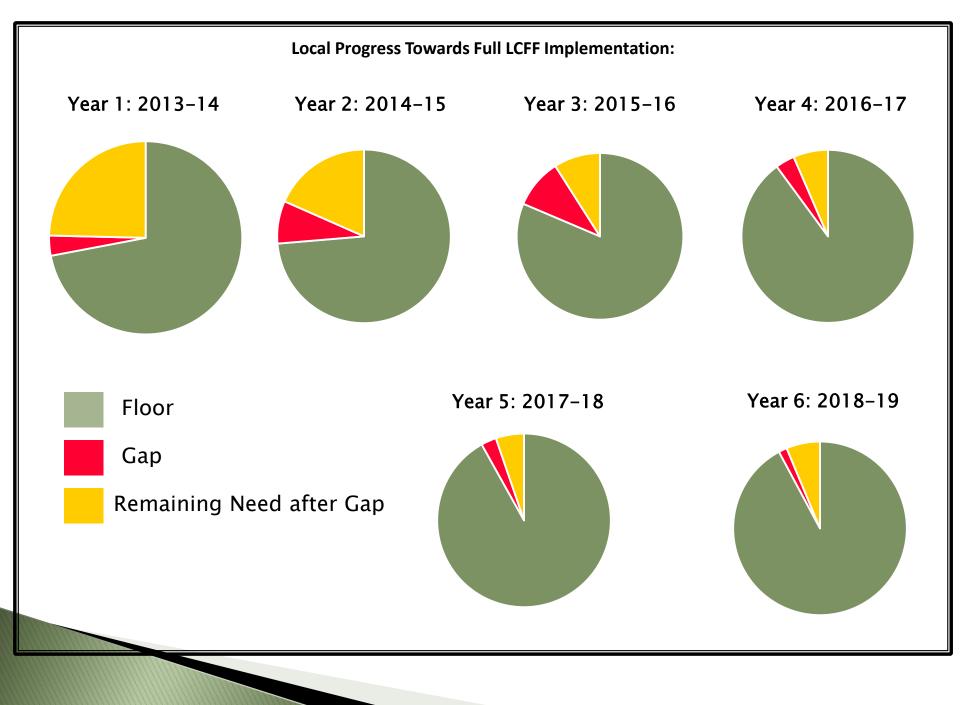
Equal to 50% of the base grant for those districts where more than 55% of their students are English Language Learners, Free & Reduced priced meal participants, and foster youth

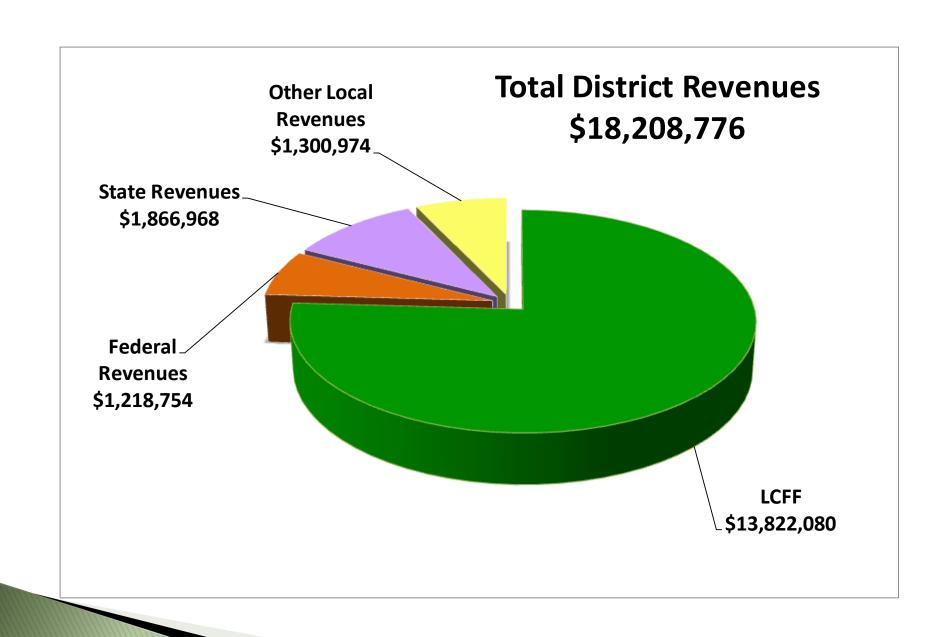
Local Control Funding Formula

- For 2015-16 the Free & Reduced priced meal participants, English Language Learners, and Foster Youth are 57.4% of enrolled students
- Based on this percentage it amounts to approximately \$1.8m in the LCFF calculation
- After the "Gap Funding Percentage" is applied this gives the District an additional \$505k in State funding

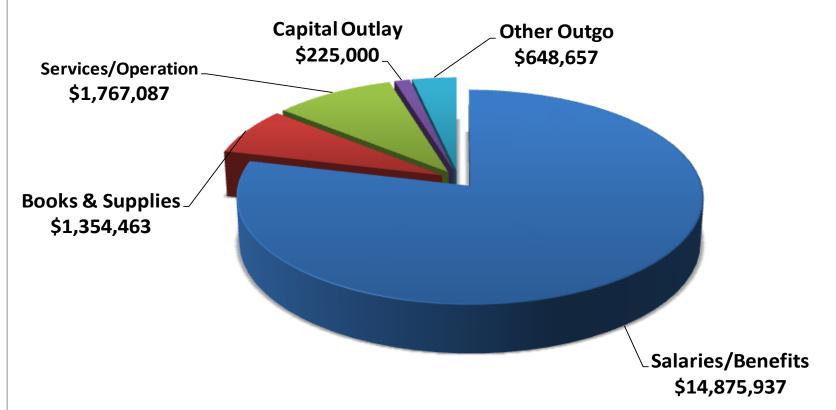
LCFF Revenue











LCAP Goal Expenses

- Professional Development
- Textbooks (Ad, World Languages, Science, Psychology)
- Instructional Coaches
- AP Courses
- CTE Programs
- 7 period schedule
- Read Right updates, add-ons, and trainings
- Co-Teaching
- Learning Lab
- Technology (chrome books, laptops, software, etc)
- Science Lab
- Robotic Kits
- Athlete Committed
- Alternative to Violence
- Summer School

Multi-Year Projection

- Summarizes Revenues and Expenditures
 - Current budget
 - Projects next two years of budgets
- Requirement per AB 1200 & AB 2756
- Gives the District a look at what the future holds if all variables remained status quo

- LCFF Revenues have decreased \$200k in 2015– 16 due to the State decreasing the GAP funding percentage since budget adoption
- LCFF Revenues increase in the out years due to projected enrollment increases
- Federal revenues decrease in the out years due to reduced Sp Ed funding, reduced Title I funding, and no ASSETS carryover funds

- State revenues changed in the budget year due to the decrease of one-time discretionary funds and the addition of the STRS On-Behalf financial accounting requirement
- State revenues decrease drastically in the out years due to the loss of the one-time discretionary funds, Prop 39 funding, and the Career Pathways Grant funding
- Local revenues increase in 2015-16 due to the addition of the NCCP Shasta College Grant, a McConnell Foundation donation for band uniforms, and the receipt of Microsoft voucher funding

- Step and Column costs have been added to all salaries
- Salary and benefit adjustments have been made to account for additional student contacts
- Negotiations remain unsettled for 2015–16
- Books/Supplies and Services/Operating budgets increase in 2015-16 due to additional funding sources and then decrease in the out years

Multi-Year Projection

	<u>2015-16</u>	<u>2016-17</u>	<u>2017-18</u>
Beginning Fund Balance	3,835,014	3,172,646	2,694,847
Revenues	18,208,776	18,165,233	18,276,693
Expenses	18,871,144	18,643,032	18,543,336
Net Increase/(Decrease)	(662,368)	(477,799)	(266,643)
Projected Ending Fund Balance	3,172,646	2,694,847	2,428,204
Less – Restricted or Assigned	(713,233)	0	0
(i.e. – Lottery & TUPE funds)			
Designated for Economic Uncertainties (3%)	(566,134)	(559,291)	(556,300)
Undesignated	1,893,279	2,135,556	1,871,904

- ▶ The Multi-Year Projection shows the District can issue a "Positive" certification for the 2015-16 First Interim report
- This means the District predicts it will be able to meet its financial obligations for the current and next two fiscal years

Upcoming Budget Events

- On January 13th, School Services of CA will be presenting the Governor's 2016-17 Budget Proposal to provide insight as to the remainder of this school year and what the future year holds
- Second Interim report will be based on the District's financial status as of January 31, 2016 and any updates from the workshop
- The report will be brought to the Board at the March 2016 meeting

Questions?